

Universitätsbibliothek Paderborn

Remarks On The Life and Writings Of Dr. Jonathan Swift, Dean of St. Patrick's, Dublin

Orrery, John Boyle of London, 1752

The Drapier's Letters, and a full and true Account of the solemn procession to the Gallows at the Execution of William Wood, Esq; and Hard-ware-man.

urn:nbn:de:hbz:466:1-49109

126 REMARKS ON THE LIFE

most advantageous to all future tenants and landlords. He constantly refused to give charity out of the chapter funds, which he alledged were scarce sufficient to maintain the necessary repairs of the cathedral. I have already told you a, that, among his prebendaries, the vox Decani was the vox Dei.

We are now come to THE DRAPIER's Letters, those brazen monuments of his fame. They were written in the year 1724. I have faid so much in one of my former letters b of the cause which gave rise to them, and of the effect which they had upon the nation, that I need fay no more in this place, than to recommend them to your perufal, for the style and conduct of their manner: but, left they may appear too grave to fo young a man, and one who is so little interested in the present, and much less in the past affairs of Ireland, you will find a paper at the end of them that will excite your rifibility, or I am mistaken. It is entitled, A full and true account of the solemn procession to the Gallows at the execution of WILLIAM WOOD, Efq; and hard-waremanc. The author makes the feveral artificers attend WILLIAM WOOD (represented by a log of timber) to the gallows, and each tradefman expresses his refentment in the terms of his proper calling. "The COOK will BASTE him. The BOOKSELLER will TURN OVER A " NEW LEAF with him. The TAYLOR will fit IN HIS skirts;" and fo on, through a number of people

a See Letter V.

Letter VI.

c Page 233.

AND WRITINGS OF DR. SWIFT. 127

of different conditions. Then follows the procession, most humourously described. The whole is a piece of ridicule too powerful for the strongest gravity to withstand.

The next tract is, A foort view of the state of Ireland, written in the year 17272. Of this I need take little notice, fince the present state of Ireland is, in general, as flourithing as possible. Agriculture is cultivated: arts and sciences are encouraged: and in the space of eighteen years, which is almost the full time that I have known it, no kingdom can be more improved. Ireland, in relation of England, may be compared to a younger fifter lately come of age, after having fuffered all the miseries of an injured minor; fuch as law fuits, encroachments upon her property, violation of her rights, destruction of her tenants, and every evil that can be named. At length, time, and her own noble spirit of industry, have entirely relieved her, and, fome little heart-burnings excepted, she enjoys the quiet possession of a very ample fortune, subject, by way of acknowledgement, to certain quit rents, payable to the elder branch of her house: and let me add by experience, that take her all in all, she cannot have a greater fortune than she deserves.

I shall not make any comments upon An Answer to a Paper called A Memorial of the poor Inhabitants, Tradefmen, and Labourers of the Kingdom of Ireland, written in the year 1728 b. The pamphlet which comes next in

order

^a Page 240. ^b Page 251.